

London project will mark the birth of the nuclear age

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In God's mercy we outran Germany
By WINSTON S. CHURCHILL
BY THE YEAR 1939 IT HAD BECOME WIDELY RECOGNISED AMONG SCIENTISTS OF MANY NATIONS THAT THE RELEASE OF ENERGY BY ATOMIC FISSION WAS A POSSIBILITY.

BLAST FELT 300 MILES FROM BOMB TEST
Steel tower turned to vapour
THERE is reason to believe that the vital part of the atomic bomb with its almost incredible power of devastation is not much bigger than a golf ball.

PLANE KIDNAPS SCIENTIST
Snatched from Nazis to help us
A DANISH physicist who was smuggling his research to his country to help the Allies to perfect the atom bomb.

This ends war as we know it
THE Allied discovery today that the atom bomb can be used as a weapon of mass destruction, and that it can be used to destroy the world as we know it.

A REASONABLE CHANCE
Such progress was made that by the summer of 1945 the atomic bomb could be produced before the end of the war.

THE JAPANESE INVESTIGATE
THE Japanese have begun to investigate the atomic bombing of Hiroshima.

JAP TOWN DESTROYED
THE Japanese have begun to investigate the atomic bombing of Hiroshima.

Daily Express article about the dropping of the atom bomb on Hiroshima
A south London theatre will link with counterparts in Japan to commemorate the 70th anniversary this year of the atomic bombing of Hiroshima.

The Japanese city was destroyed on 6 August 1945 when the United States dropped the world's first atomic bomb.

Initial reports of the destruction caused by the bomb were censored but after the full effects, including radiation sickness, became more widely known in the UK, politicians, philosophers, scientists and church leaders came together to campaign against nuclear weapons with peaceful protests, marches, music and artwork among the responses.

The Bubble Theatre, Southwark, has launched a project to see how Londoners reacted to the news that heralded the nuclear era. Their research project has been made possible by a grant of £74,000 from the Heritage Lottery Fund (HLF). The information they uncover will be shared with theatre groups in Hiroshima as part of that city's commemoration of the traumatic event.

The research, much of which will be handled by volunteers, will cover a wide range of issues. They will set out to discover how newspapers in London reported the bomb explosion that destroyed

more than ten square miles of Hiroshima and killed up to 135,000 people. The researchers want to learn how Londoners received the news, what reaction came from Japanese people living in London and how families of British servicemen who had served in the Far East or had been prisoners of war under the Japanese felt at the time. The project will cover the period up to October 1963 when an international Test Ban Treaty was signed by the United States, the UK and the then Soviet Union. The early days and protests by the peace movement will also be studied.

Much of the research will be based on recorded interviews undertaken by the estimated 180 volunteers. The information and personal stories gathered during the project will be presented in a number of ways including dramatic presentations of testimony, a new website and teaching resources available to schools. The archive of information uncovered will be shared with the Hiroshima Peace Museum.



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[Daily Express article about the dropping of the atom bomb on Hiroshima](#)

[London and the A-Bomb](#)